

No. A/2-1/2007-WII (Vol. IX: 2015-16)

Dated 30th July 2015

To,

Dr. Nitin Pandey Chief Coordinator Citizens for Green Doon Shivam Vihar, Jakhan Dehradun-248001

Sub.: Information under Right to Information Act, 2005- reg.

Ref.: Your RTI appeal No. CFGD/RTI/04/05, dated 16.7.2014.

Sir.

Please refer to your RTI appeal cited above regarding the information asked by you under RTI Act, 2005. In this connection, as directed by Appellate Authority/Director of the Institute, the required parawise information, as per details given below, is attached herewith in 9 pages.

Para 2a	-	Annexure -1
Para 2b	20	Annexure -2
Para 2c		Annexure-3
Para 3a	=	Annexure-4

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

(Aseem Shrivastava) CPIO

Encl.: As above (9 pages)

Conv to:

Dr. V.B. Mathur, Director and Appellate Authority, WII, Dehradun

for information.

12 nnexure-1 (2ta)



कार्यालय प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मसूरी वन प्रभाग, मसूरी पंत्राक 5026/12न मसूरी दिनांक 27 मई, 2014,

सेवा में.

निदेशक. भारतीय वन्य जीव संस्थान, चन्द्रबनी, देहरादून।

विषय:-

जनपद देहरादून में मसूरी वन प्रभाग के रायपुर रेंज अन्तर्गत आरक्षित भोपालपानी क०सं० 8 में विधान भवन, सचिवालय भवन एवं अन्य आधारभूत सुविधाओं के निर्माण हेतु अपेक्षित 65.976 है0 वन भूगि को गैर वानिकी कार्यो हेतु वन (संरक्षण) अधिनियम 1980 व तहत् राज्य सम्पत्ति विभाग, उत्तराखण्ड शासन, देहरादून को प्रत्यावर्तन के सम्बन्ध में।

सन्दर्भः-

प्रमुख वन संरक्षक(वन्य जीव) / मुख्य वन्य जीव प्रतिपालक, उत्तराखण्ड, दहरादून का पंजाक 2839 / 12 1 दिनांक 16-05-2014 ।

महोद्य.

उपरोक्त सन्दर्भित पत्र (संलग्नक-1) के सम्बन्ध में अनुराध करना है कि विषयांकित वन गूमि प्रत्यावर्तन प्रस्ताव के बिन्दु स0 4 में अधोहरताक्षरी के स्तर से टिप्पणी दी गई है कि चयनित स्थल में विमत वर्षों में जंगली हाथियों का आवागमन देखा गया है। यह टिप्पणी विगत वर्षों में जंगली हाथियों द्वारा किये गय आवागमन की सूचनाओं के आधार पर दी गई है। जिसके अनुसार वयनित क्षेत्र में प्रमुखतया भूपालपानी 🗸 सींडासरोली से मालदेवता तक जंगली हाथियों का आवागमन रहता है (क्षोत्र के गूगल मानवित्र में हाथियों के सम्भावित विचरण क्षेत्र को प्रदर्शित किया गया है। (संलग्नक-2) जिसमें उनके द्वारा क्षेत्र में फसलों / सम्पित को नुकसान पहुंचाने की घटनायें घटित होती रहती है तथा विभाग द्वारा प्रभावित पक्ष को मुआवजां दिया जाता रहा है। इस सम्बन्ध में अवगत करना है कि उप प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी (देहरादून) द्वारा शासन स्तर पर अपर गुख्य सचिव, उत्तराखण्ड की अध्यक्षता में दिनांक 28 04-2014 को हुई बैठक में प्रश्नमत क्षेत्र के सम्बन्ध में निर्णय लिया गया था कि हाथियों के आवागमन हेतु एक पैसेज छोड़ा जाय तथा सुरक्षात्मक न्दृष्टिकोण से कार्यदायी संस्था द्वारा एक रिटेनिंग वाल का निर्माण कराया जायेगा।

उक्त बैठक में भारतीय वन्यजीव संस्थान, देहरादून के नामित प्रतिनिधि एक्सपर्ट के रूप में 🖟 विभास पाण्डव भी उपस्थित थें। अतः कृपया प्रश्नगत भूमि हस्तान्तरण होने से भोपालपानी - सौडा स्रिली मालदेवता क्षेत्र में जगली हाथियों के आवागमन तथा उनके वास स्थल पर पड़ने वाले प्रभाव का अक्लिन एवं इसके निराकरण हेतु किये जाने वाले उपायों के सम्बन्ध में अध्ययन करवाकर आख्या सीधे प्रमुख वन संरक्षक, वन्य जीव/मुख्य वन्य जीव प्रतिपालक उत्तराखण्ड को प्रेषित करने की कृपा करें। ताकि विद्यासार भूमि प्रत्यावर्तन प्रस्ताव में अग्रिम कार्यवाही की जा सकें। रिपोर्ट की एक प्रति इस कार्यालय को भी अधिवाख हेत्रु प्रेषित करने की कृपा करें। उक्त प्रकरण की संगीक्षा शासन स्तर पर निरन्तर की जा रही है। अत आपूरी अन्रोध है कि प्रकरण के समयवद्ध निस्तारण हेतु आवश्यक कार्यवाही करने का कष्ट करें।

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DEAN OFFICE

(डा० धीरज 'पाण्डेय) प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मसरी वन प्रभाग, मस्री।

भवदीय

Telefax: 0135-2631"65

CPIO, Wildlife Institute of India

e-mail: dfo-mussoorie a rediffmail com

City

(77)

पंत्राक 5026/12- तद्दिनांकित।

प्रतिलिपि:— प्रमुख वन संरक्षक, वन्य जीव / मुख्य वन्य जीव प्रतिपालक उत्तराखण्ड को उनके सन्दर्भित पत्र के कम में सूचनार्थ प्रेषित। प्रतिलिपि:— वन संरक्षक, यमुना वृत्त उत्तराखण्ड, देहरादून को सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।

(डा० धीरज पाण्डेय) प्रभागीय वनाधिकारी, मसूरी वन प्रभाग, मसूरी।

ATTESTED

CPIO, Wildlife Institute of India

e-mail: dfo-mussoorie a rediffmail com

Telefax: 0135-2631-65

As Enstructed by Director, WII Be undersigna intends to attend the importing convenced by Dina Mardankanan zoological Pank og 19.05.13. Following meeting the undersigned intends to visit Satrosia TR from 16-17 May & return back to headquarters on 18 May. The Enclosed to program may kindly be approval. Bevarh Pandou 13 05 2015 Dean, Flus Approved Approved expenses covered by 13/5/13 forust Dept. for Dean Fws The DFO Mussourie vode his letter No. 5026/12-1 dated 27.05.2014 (Page 45/c) Lad requested Dineilon with to suggest mitigation moasures la reduce human eleph conflict in view at the proposed constructi of Utanakhend vichousabha-secretariat or on Bhopulpani Rf of Raipur range, Messonshar F3 CPD, Wedler institute of native undersigned paid Three virts to the

Proposed site and its adjoing area En orden to gain understanding of he luman elephant conflict : To area.

It is desired to have detailed information on extent of human-worldige conflict in he area as well as precise movement pati of elephents in order to draw an appro conservation action plan. A report based on he site visits along with he dnot letter is enclosed for approval and funtion communication to concerned authorises soft copy at he retten a he report are not Pandau Pandau Dean PWS 01.12.2014 CPIO, Wildlife Institute of India

The file was received in

CPIO, Wildlife Institute of India

Dean's on 2.12.2014 at 3 pm. However the matter was tacked and discussed with DIWIT on the basis of soft copy of report Tifforwarded by Dr. D. Moham, Ccf, UK. According to the DFO, Musseree with copies was wade effect worked to all concerved was was wade effect of the ride email. Box forward hard copy of letter & curewit y so desired. Y. K. math Dorth, Représent on 3/12/14 Comparised Mul

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No. DWII/Misc./03/2014

Date: 3 December 2014

To,

The PCCF & Chief Wildlife Warden, Govt. of Uttrakhand, Wildlife Institute 5, Chandrabhani, Mohabewla, Dehradun-248001 Email: cwlwua@yahoo.co.in

Sub: Report on 'Elephant use of Song River with respect to proposed construction site of State Assembly and Secretariat, Uttarakhand' - reg.

Ref: Your letter No.5026/12/1 dated 27th May, 2014.

Sir,

With reference to the above, I am pleased to inform you that Dr. Bivash Pandav, Scientist 'E' of this Institute had been deputed to visit the proposed Construction Site of State Assembly and Secretariat, Uttarakhand.

Based on his field level assessments and consultations/interactions with villagers and forest staff, a report on 'Elephant use of Song River' is enclosed for your kind perusal and needful action, please.

Thanking you.

Yours faithfully,

Dr. V.B. Mathur Director

Encl: as above

Cc:

 Dr. Dheeraj Pandey, DFO Mussoorie, Government of Uttarakhand, email: reachtodp@rediffmail.com





Elephant use of Song River with respect to proposed construction site of State Assembly and Secretariat, Uttarakhand

Background

The Song River flows along the eastern edge of Doon valley. Before its confluence with river Ganga, Song river flows through Rajaji National Park (a stretch of 4km). Rajaji National Park supports a healthy population of Asian elephant and forms the north-western distribution limit of the species. Elephants extensively use the stretch of Song River that flows through Rajaji NP. Extensive elephant use has been observed along Suswa River in Rajaji NP, which is a major tributary of Song River. Although, no scientific data is available on the exact movement pattern of elephants along the upstream of Song River, it is believed that the elephant population of Rajaji seasonally forays in to upstream areas along Song River up to Maldevta through the forest along Chiddarwala-Barkot-Thano region. Incidentally, the Rishikesh-Barkot region along the far eastern end of Doon valley has recently been subjected to intense elephant related conflicts. Past studies on elephants of the region do not speak much about the elephant use of this area with specific reference to elephant movement along upstream of Song River. The elephant movement along Song River at the moment is seasonal and appears to be of recent origin. Elephants regularly raid crops along the northern boundary of Rajaji NP. However, recent years have witnessed rapid urbanization along the northern boundary of Rajaji NP, specifically in the stretch between Doiwala and Mothronwala. These areas were crop fields in the past and were being regularly raided by elephants. Owing to the loss of these areas due to urbanization, elephants are now possibly moving to newer areas of which the Song valley close to Raipur and Maldevta is one.

Along the Song River, near Raipur, 65.97ha of reserved forest in the Bhopalpani block (compartment 8) of Raipur range of Mussorie Forest Division has been earmarked as the proposed site for construction of Vidhansabha and Secretariat of Uttarakhand. Citing recent reports of elephant movements in this region, the DFO Mussourie vide his letter no. 5026/12-1 dated 27 May 2014 had requested the Wildlife Institute of India to submit a report on the impact of this proposed construction on elephant movement along Song River and mitigation measures that need to be taken.

Forests of the proposed Vidhansabha-Secretariat site

The proposed site is currently under the administrative control of Raipur Range of Mussourie Forest Division and is located along the right bank of Song River, adjoining the Maharana Pratap sports complex. The forest comprising species belonging to early stages of riverine succession is dominated by Dalbergia sissoo, Acacia catechu and Bombax ceiba. Tree species such as Moringa oleifera, Holoptelea integrifolia and Cassia fistula area also present in the area. Eucalyptus



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important to understand the details of elephant movement in the area and identify sites for safe passage of elephants as well as creation of barriers.

Elephant proof wall

This will be the primary barrier to channelize the movement of elephants to ensure that they do not come in conflict with local people. The design of elephant proof wall along the forest boundary between Kotdwar and Saneh in Kotdwar range of Lansdowne forest division acts as an effective barrier and this can be replicated in the proposed site.

Electric fence

Well-designed and properly maintained power fences are known to be effective in controlling elephant movement. Some of the best examples of electric fencing in Uttarakhand are found inside Corbett Tiger Reserve, where well maintained fences are still acting as effective barriers for elephants as well as a host of other wild animals for more than a decade. It is proposed to follow the same Corbett model and erect power fences along the proposed boundary wall.

Remote camera based surveillance

Electronic camera based surveillance is being effectively used along southern boundary of Corbett Tiger Reserve to monitor incursion of people in to forest as well as movement of wild animals. A camera with visible spectrum and thermal sensors can sense the presence of animals round the clock and will act as an advance warning system.

Monitoring elephant movement

In order to keep a tab on the elephant movement in this region, it is proposed to radio collar the elephant herd as well as the lone bull elephants visiting this area. Radio collars once fitted on elephants will provide precise information on movement of elephants in this region. This is essential in developing appropriate conservation and mitigation strategies. Besides, updated information on movement of radio collared elephants will act as an advance warning system, helping the tracking team in predicting possible movement of elephants in the vicinity of proposed construction site. It is proposed to fit GPS radio collars on elephants in order to obtain fine scale as well as real time movement data.

Dr. V.B. Mathur Director Wildlife Institute of India Dehradun

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has been planted in the area. The forest in this patch are very open in nature with the ground cover dominated by Lantana.

Elephant use of the area

Three site visits were made during July-September 2014. Owing to the high dung decomposition rate during monsoon, it was difficult to find evidences of elephants such as dung or tracks during the visits. As a result much of the information regarding the elephant use of the area has been collected through secondary sources - primarily through interaction with forest staff and local people.

Local people and forest staff present in the area clearly indicated that elephant movement in this region is rather recent and a small herd of 6-7 elephants are frequenting the area particularly during monsoon in the past 7-8 years only. Locals also informed that the area is rather frequented by solitary bull elephants. Although, no signs of elephant movement was noticed in the proposed site during the visits, a house under construction belonging to Shri Mehnder Singh Panwar of Saura Patiyun village in Dwara beat of Ladpur section, Raipur Range, Mussourie FD was damaged by a bull elephant on 22 July 2014. This village is located on the left bank of Song River and less than 1km (aerial distance) away from the proposed site for Vidhansabha-Secretariat. Virendra Rawat and Sailendra Singh Rawat of Saura Patiyun village informed about regular movement of a bull elephant during monsoon in this area. Interview with forest staff revealed that the elephants move along the Song River up to Maldevta. The staff also informed about an elephant calf that was rescued after falling in to a canal in Raipur in 2010.

Mitigation measures

From the evidences gathered from the forest staff as well as the local villagers the elephant movement in the area does not appear to be very high.

Even though the elephant use of the area is not very high at the moment, it may increase in the future as more and more areas along the northern boundary of Rajaji NP would change from agriculture to urban settlements. Besides, expansion of urbanization through the establishment of Vidhansabha-Secretariat and developments associated with it will bring humans in more contact with elephant. This will certainly give rise to an increased human-elephant conflict in the area. Appropriate mitigation measures need to be taken in order to reduce the level of human-elephant conflict in this area. At the same time it is important to ensure that the elephants have a proper passage available for their unhindered movement. It is also important that the elephants do not come in conflict with local people in the region, which can be ensured only if they are not allowed to move into the agricultural fields or habitations. Consequently, a number of barriers have to be erected in the region with the twin objectives of providing a safe passage to elephants along the Song river corridor and protecting the local inhabitants and their crops as well as the proposed Vidhansabha complex from them. However, before erecting the barriers, it is



ATTESTED CPIO, Wildlife Institute of India

23rd July 2015

An appeal is received (P-69/c) from Dr. Nitin Pandey, Dehradun in continuation to his RTI application dated 22.6.2015 (P-68/c) and reply thereon (P60-67/c).

This is for your kind information.

(Neeraj Gup

Me comment and/or provide information available in suspect of letter at P 69/C

DEAN, FWS OFFICE

Pe. do the needful 24/7/2015 ungently. Ph

The undersigned visited he site Brice. Two visits were made by the undersigned on 23.06.2014 and 26.07.2014, while proceeding on ATTENTION & Lansdowne FD. Salsons On both occasions the understanced had used personal vehicle On the Third occasion, the undersigned visited he

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Site aits Dr. Dhananjay Mohan in his afficial vehicle in August 2014.

(1) Copy of the notesheet on concentred file (11) copy of the neport submitted to pecf coi) & ciow, Gout. of Uttanawhal & (11) copy of the letter of DFO, Mussonia to Director, W77 has been enclosed for further communication.

Defails of The people intenviewed and location of the intenview sites are mentioned in The neport submitted by DW77.

Submitted for necessing action.

Birash Panolau

28/07/16

DEAN, FWS OFFICE
DIARY NO.: 991
DATE: 28 - 45

DWII OFFICE
DIARY NO.: 0407
DATE: 39907

DINTI Med 29/7

Ato (the Accem Cerrator)

Please prepare duft letter to provide exprandor to the applicant as provided in the file and put up.

CPIO, Wildlife Institute of India

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